



Holly Walther
NMLS #507972
Holly Walther Lending Team Powered by Success Mortgage Partners
holly@hollywaltherteam.com
Direct: 770.374.7520
4343 Shallowford Road Suite 110
Marietta, GA 30062
<http://www.hollywalther.com>



Weekly Newsletter

Newsletter - 6/21/2022

Week of June 13, 2022 in Review

A Fed rate hike, hot wholesale inflation, weakening builder confidence and signs of economic slowdown led to a volatile week in the markets. Here are the top headlines:

- Fed Rate Hike Largest Since 1994
- Wholesale Inflation Declines Slightly But Remains Elevated
- Builder Confidence Weakens as Homebuyer Traffic Slows
- Despite Slowing Housing Starts, Glimmer of Hope for Home Completions
- What to Look for in Jobless Claims Data
- More Signs of Economic Slowdown

Fed Rate Hike Largest Since 1994

The Fed was expected to hike its benchmark Fed Funds Rate by 50 basis points at its meeting last week, but instead acted more aggressively with a 75 basis point hike, due in large part to the hotter than expected Consumer Price Index reading that was reported on June 10. Note that the Fed Funds Rate is the interest rate for overnight borrowing for banks and it is not the same as mortgage rates.

The main tool the Fed uses to curb inflation is hiking its benchmark Fed Funds Rate, so counterintuitively Fed rate hikes can be good for mortgage rates if they're perceived to curb inflation. The Fed also noted that depending on the data, they will hike another 50 or 75 basis points at their meeting on July 26-27.

***What's the bottom line?** Central bankers around the world are scrambling to put the inflation genie back in the bottle, as we have seen hikes by the Bank of England, Taiwan, United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Bahrain, Brazil and a surprise 50 basis point hike by the Swiss Bank, which led to market volatility last Thursday. *It will be important to see if investors and the markets believe the Fed and other central banks can get a handle on inflation, as this will play a crucial role in the direction of Mortgage Bonds and mortgage rates this year.**

Wholesale Inflation Declines Slightly But Remains Elevated

The Producer Price Index (PPI), which measures inflation on the wholesale level, was in line with estimates with a 0.8% rise in May. On a year over year basis, PPI declined slightly from 10.9% to 10.8%. Core PPI, which strips out food and energy prices, came in just below estimates with a 0.5% increase. The year over year figure declined from 8.6% to 8.3%.

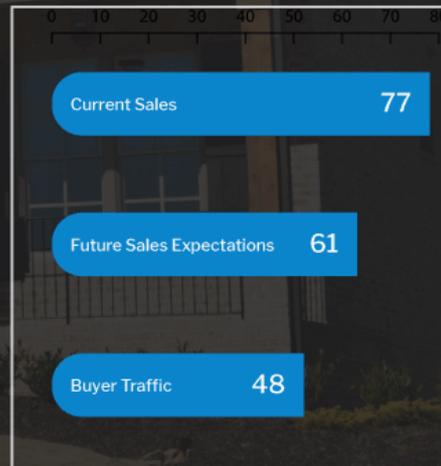
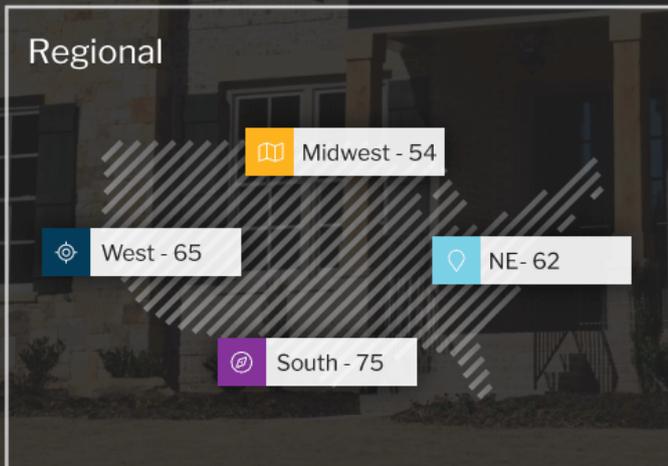
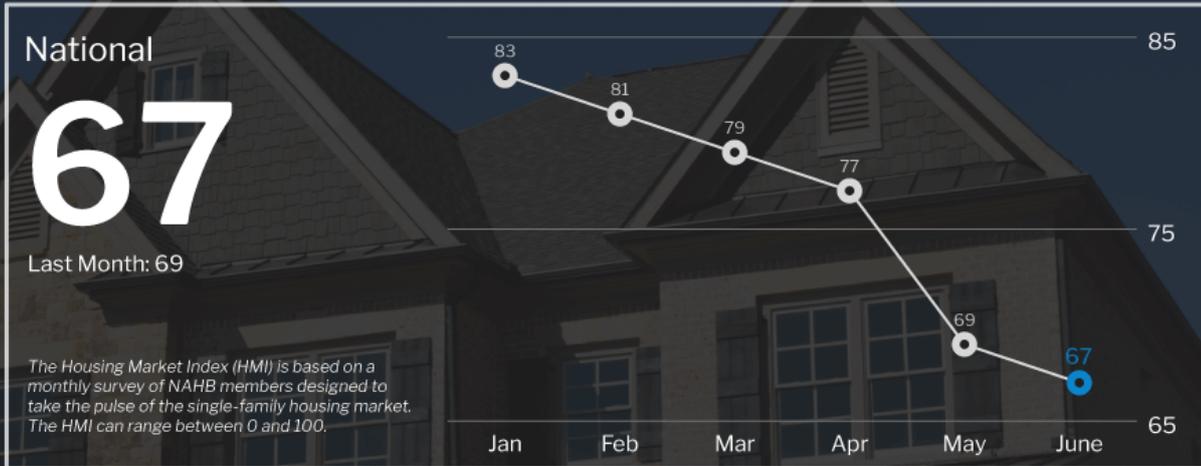
***What's the bottom line?** While the markets reacted favorably to the slight decline in wholesale inflation, producer inflation remains elevated. This can lead to hotter consumer inflation levels, as producers pass those higher costs along to consumers.*

In addition, 28% of small business owners reported that inflation was their single most important problem in operating their business in May, per the National Federation of Independent Business Small Business Optimism Index. Owners expecting better business conditions over the next six months also fell four points to a net negative 54%, which is the lowest level recorded in the survey's 48-year history.

Housing Market Index

June

source:nahb.org



The National Association of Home Builders Housing Market Index, which is a near real-time read on builder confidence, fell 2 points to 67 in June, as expected. Looking at the components of the index, current sales conditions fell 1 point to 77, future sales expectations were down 2 points to 61 and buyer traffic declined 5 points to 48.

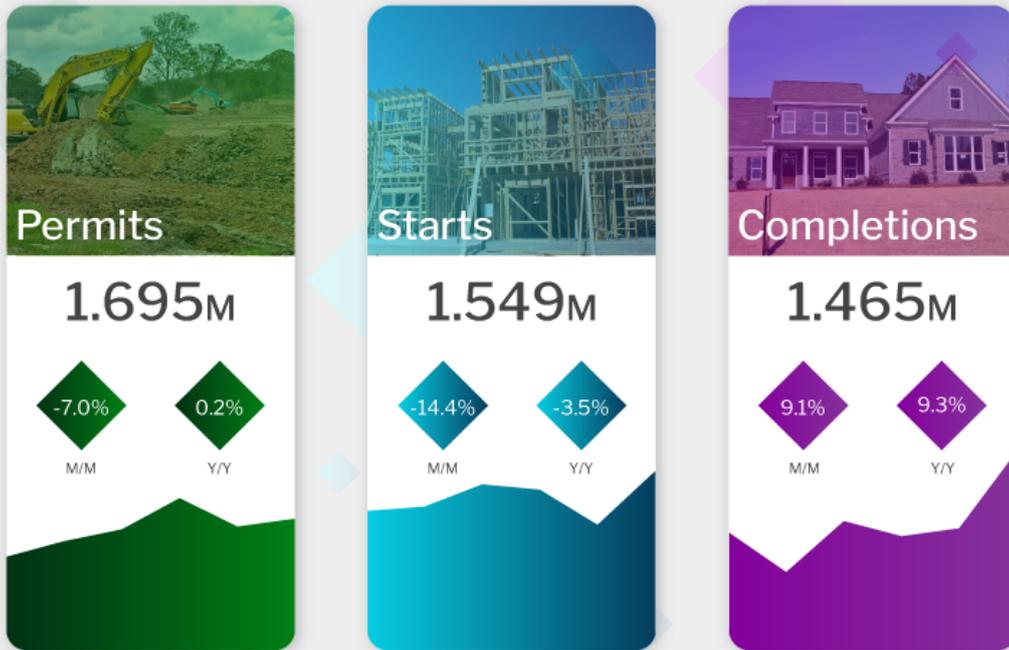
What's the bottom line? Any reading above 50 on this index, which runs from 0 to 100, signals expansion while readings below 50 signal contraction. Overall, while these figures have declined significantly from last year, most are still at pretty strong levels. A big concern is that traffic has dipped beneath 50, which signals contraction.

NAHB's chief economist, Robert Dietz, noted that, "Residential construction material costs are up 19% year-over-year with cost increases for a variety of building inputs, except for lumber." He also said that they are seeing less demand due to the increase in mortgage rates, which is reflected in the decline of buyer traffic as noted above.

Despite Slowing Housing Starts, Glimmer of Hope for Home Completions

Residential Construction: May 2022

source: census.gov



Housing Starts, which measure the start of construction on homes, plunged 14.4% from April to May. Starts for single-family homes, which are the most important because they are in such high demand among buyers, were also down 9.2%. Building Permits, which are a good forward-looking indicator for Housing Starts, were down 7% while single-family permits also fell by a large amount, dropping 5.5%.

What's the bottom line? On a positive note, we finally saw some more homes completed in May, which will add to more inventory in the short term. Housing completions were up 9.1% from April to May, with single-family units completed up 2.8% last month.

What to Look for in Jobless Claims Data

Jobless Claims

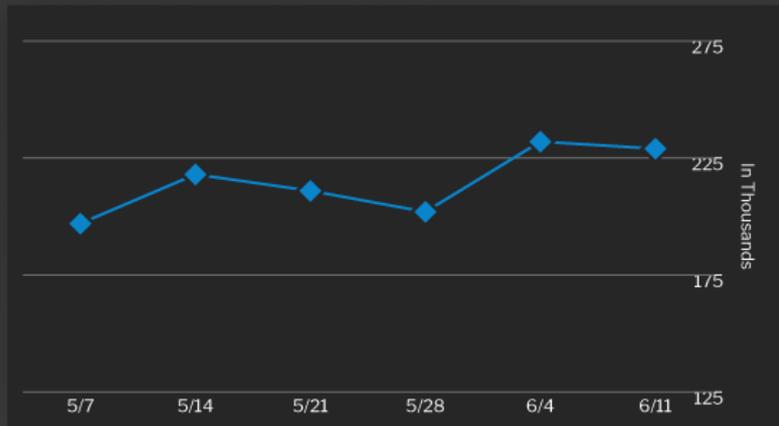
Week of 6/11

229k

Initial Claims

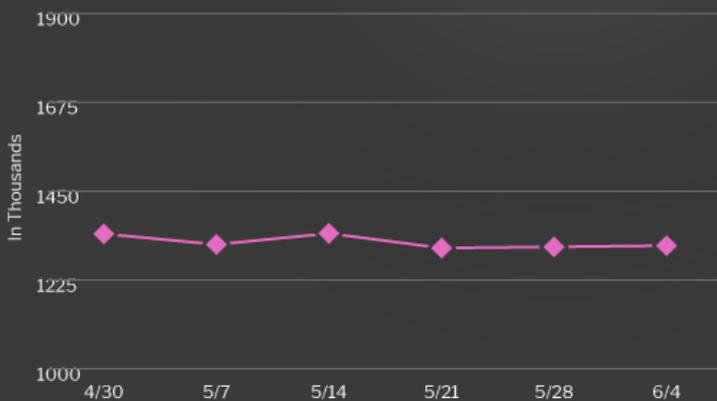
219k

4 Week Avg

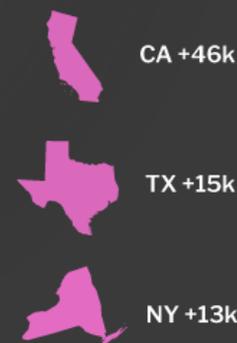


1.312M

Continuing Claims



Largest Claims



Source: <https://www.dol.gov>

The number of people filing for unemployment benefits for the first time fell by 3,000 in the latest week, as 229,000 Initial Jobless Claims were reported. Continuing Claims, which measure people who continue to receive benefits after their initial claim is filed, increased by 3,000 to 1.312 million, remaining near a 50-year low.

What's the bottom line? While Initial Jobless Claims decreased in the latest week, the 4-week average is at the highest level since late January. This could be an early sign that companies are starting to not only pause hiring but are also beginning to lay people off due to slowdowns. We have heard announcements of significant layoffs from several public companies, which will start to show up in these numbers, so this is something important to monitor in the weeks ahead.

More Signs of Economic Slowdown

Recent reports offer more signals that the economy is slowing. In the manufacturing sector, there were negative readings (which signal contraction) reported for the New York and Philadelphia regions via June's Empire State and Philadelphia Fed Indexes. Retail Sales also fell 0.3% in May, while April's data was also revised lower. This comes as higher food and gas prices are hurting consumers' budgets for discretionary spending.

In addition, the nation's personal savings rate, which soared during the early months of the pandemic, has now fallen back to below its pre-pandemic levels. The savings rate was 7.8% in January 2020, rose to 33.8% in April 2020, and now has dropped back to 4.4% in April 2022. The 4.4% rate is the lowest recorded in the United States since September 2008 and is another recessionary indicator.

Family Hack of the Week

If camping is part of your summer plans, these French Toast Foil Packets courtesy of the Food Network are a perfect way to start the day.

Prepare a grill for medium-high heat. Melt 3 tablespoons of unsalted butter. Tear eight 14-inch pieces of non-stick foil and lay them non-stick side up. Brush the centers with the melted butter.

Whisk together one 12-ounce can nonfat evaporated milk, 2 large eggs, 2 tablespoons maple syrup, and 2 teaspoons pure vanilla extract in a small baking dish or resealable bag. Dip 8 slices of multi-grain bread in the milk mixture until fully submerged. Arrange 2 pieces of bread next to each other (do not overlap them) on a piece of buttered foil. Repeat with remaining bread and 3 pieces of the foil.

To make the foil packs, place the remaining 4 pieces of foil buttered-side down so the butter touches the bread and the edges line up. Fold and crimp the edges tightly. Place the packs on the grill, close the lid and cook for 5 minutes. Turn packets over, close the lid and grill for 5 additional minutes.

Remove packs from grill and let cool for a few minutes. Carefully open the packets and top each serving with mixed berries, maple syrup and enjoy.

What to Look for This Week

After the market closures Monday in honor of the Juneteenth holiday, key housing reports highlight the economic calendar. Tuesday brings an update on Existing Home Sales for May, while New Home Sales follow on Friday. The latest Jobless Claims data also remains crucial to monitor when it is released as usual on Thursday.

Technical Picture

Mortgage Bonds ended last week trading in the very wide range between support at 98 and overhead resistance at 99.625. Expect continued volatility while in this 162 basis point range. The 10-year is testing an important inflection point at 3.25%. If yields can get underneath this level, there is room to improve until reaching 3%. On the other hand, if yields break to the upside, they may retest the 3.5% zone.